VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS December 31, 2018

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	3
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	4
Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	6
Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	8
Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds Modified Cash Basis	10
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	11
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	12
Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14 - 39

TABLE OF CONTENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	Page
General Fund	
Schedule of Expenditures Disbursed - Modified Cash Basis	40 - 42
Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Schedule of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Modified Cash Basis	43
Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Modified Cash Basis	44
Combining Schedule of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	45
Combining Schedule of Revenue Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	46
OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)	
Comparison of Budget and Actual Expenditures - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	47
Comparison of Budget and Actual Expenditures - Other Funds - Modified Cash Basis	48
Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund - Schedule of Investment Returns -	49

Daniel J. McGuire, CPA Robert J. Yuhas Jr., CPA, CFP Kevin J. Huffman, CPA Kevin R. Buckley, CPA Tracie L. England, CPA Cody R. Buckley, CPA



Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants & Illinois CPA Society

McGuire, Yuhas, Huffman & Buckley, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and Village Board Village of Mt. Zion Mt. Zion, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mt. Zion, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1A; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the government's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Mayor and Village Board Village of Mt. Zion Page Two

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mt. Zion, Illinois, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1A.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a special purpose framework other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Mt. Zion, Illinois' financial statements. The schedules listed as "supplementary information" and "other information (unaudited)" in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules listed as "supplementary information" are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed as "supplementary information" are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The schedules listed as "other information (unaudited)" in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Yours very truly,

MCGUIRE, YUHAS, HUFFMAN & BUCKLEY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Decatur, Illinois

June 17, 2019

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

		P	rimary Government	
			Business-	
		Governmental	type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets	-00	CONTROL IN	722274224 12	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,367,048 \$	890,924 \$	2,257,972
Certificates of Deposit		617,876	203,825	821,701
Municipal Bonds		86,041	62,254	148,295
IMBT Liquidated Trust Receivable		17,825	10,116	27,941
Prepaid Payroll Taxes Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance		12	-	12
			126 061	176,061
for Uncollectible Accounts) Restricted Cash in Escrow		3	176,061	3
Restricted Cash In astrow			20.2 32-2200-200	020000000000000000000000000000000000000
Total Current Assets		2,088,805	1,343,180	3,431,985
Non-Current Assets		020 020		
Land and Easements		972,023	217,438	1,189,461
Property, Plant and Equipment		21,272,685	10,663,902	31,936,587
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(8,419,638)	(4,323,356)	(12,742,994)
Net Land, Property, Plant and Equipment		13,825,070	6,557,984	20,383,054
Intangible Asset				
Sewer System Annexation Cost (Net of			107 100	107 400
Accumulated Amortization of \$943,517)			197,480	197,480
Total Non-Current Assets		13,825,070	6,755,464	20,580,534
Total Assets		15,913,875	8,098,644	24,012,519
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Notes Payable - current		14,156	102,912	117,068
Bonds Payable - current		537,556		537,556
Total Current Liabilities	17	551,712	102,912	654,624
Non-Current Liabilities				
Notes Payable - non-current		14,760	2,311,484	2,326,244
Bonds Payable - non-current		3,371,354		3,371,354
Total Non-Current Liabilities	83	3,386,114	2,311,484	5,697,598
Total Liabilities		3,937,826	2,414,396	6,352,222
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,887,244	4,341,068	14,228,312
Restricted for: Police		29,966	***************************************	29,966
Street and Alley Maintenance		272,095	50	272,095
Audit		33,436		33,436
Social Security Tax		82,290	¥2.	82,290
Liability Insurance		32,158	5.0	32,158
IMRF		102,527	<u> </u>	102,527
School Crossing Guard		19,659		19,659
Unemployment Compensation		40,080		40,080
Capital Projects		1,155		1,155
Special Tax Capital Projects		82,135	*	82,135
Debt Service		17,246		17,246
Unrestricted	8.	1,376,058	1,343,180	2,719,238
Total Net Position	\$	11,976,049 \$	5,684,248 \$	17,660,297

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Pr	ogram Revenues		
			Charges for		Capital Grants and		Net (Expense)
Punctions/Programs		Expenses	Services	58 8	Contributions	8 5	Revenue
Governmental Activities							
Current							
General Government	20		208.415	12	1 207		(253,946)
Administration	\$	463,648	\$ 208,415	S	1,287	\$	(68, 105)
Planning and Zoning		68,105					(952,575
Public Safety		1,028,141	75,566		•		(974,906
Streets & Alleys		974,906					(9/4,906
Culture & Recreation		10000000000	54.252				1226 201
Parks		388,767	59,709		2,667		(326,391
Convention Center		186,557	131,364		-		(55, 193
Debt Service		150,639					(150,639
Capital Outlay		637,840) je	(637,840
Total Governmental Activities		3,898,603	475,054	0 0	3,954	8 2	(3,419,595
Business-type Activities							
Water		1,279,661	1,600,835				321,174
Sanitary Sewer	,	530,630	492,005	8 8		6 2	(38,625)
Total Business-type Activities		1,810,291	2,092,840	10 0			282,549
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities	\$	5,708,894	\$ 2,567,894	ş	3,954	\$ _	(3,137,046
		Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total		
Changes in Net Position							
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(3,419,595)	\$ 282,549	\$	(3,137,046)		
General Revenues					70 0070 0070		
Property Tax		1,321,584	10.0		1,321,584		
Utility Tax		173,306	-		173,306		
Telecommunications Tax		58,556	50.00		58,556		
Income Tax		558,604	107.0		558,604		
Replacement Tax		27,774			27,774		
Sales and Use Tax		538,903			538,903		
Games Tax		43,782	112		43,782		
Reimbursements		132,085	-		132,085		
Interest		12,393	7,877		20,270		
Bond Subsidies		31,641	-		31,641		
Motor Fuel Tax		158,888	-		158,888		
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		9,550	0.50		9,550		
Operating Transfers	,	60,000	(60,000)				
Total General Revenues, Losses							
and Transfers	,	3,127,066	(52, 123)	93 3	3,074,943		
Change in Net Position		(292,529)	230,426		(62,103)		
Net Position, January 1		12,268,578	5,453,822		17,722,400		

VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

			2	Capi	ital	Capital Projects Funds	spu					
ASSETS		General	Į.	General Capital Projects	N. S.	Special Tax Allocation	×	Motor Fuel Tax	Gove	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1.	Totals
Current Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	w	600,299	co.	1,155 \$		82,135 \$		272,095 \$	32	411,364	()	1,367,048
Certificates of Deposit		617,876		1		i		î				617,876
Municipal Bonds		86,041		•		•		1				86,041
IMET Liquidated Trust Receivable		10,965				•				6,860		17,825
Prepaid Payroll Taxes		12		12		•		î		•		12
Restricted Cash in Escrow	ò	1	J	a		1		a l		3		e
Total Assets	ဖ	1,315,193	67	1,155 \$		82,135 \$		272,095 \$		418,227	ω.	2,088,805
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Current Liabilities	47		45				57		s	•	es	•
Total Liabilities	S	14	1					31		•		
Fund Balances												
Restricted		29,966		1,155		82,135		272,095		327,396		712,747
Assigned		6				•				90,831		90,831
Unassigned		1,285,227	33				į		ı	•	31 31	1,285,227
Total Fund Balances	1	1,315,193	1	1,155		82,135		272,095		418,227		2,088,805
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	60	1,315,193	45	1,155 \$		82,135 \$		272,095 \$		418,227	٧٠.	2,088,805

Notes to Pinancial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 2,088,805

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Assets of \$22,244,708 net of accumulated depreciation of (\$8,419,638), are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

13,825,070

Bonds and notes payable are not reported in the governmental funds

(3,937,826)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 11,976,049

VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURGED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH RASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Capi	Capital Projects Funds	ds		
	General	General Capital Projects	Special Tax	Motor Puel Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues Received						
Property Tax	\$ 517,411 \$		\$45,055 \$		359,118 \$	1,321,584
Utility Tax	173,306					173,306
Telecommunications Tax	58,556			*		58,556
Licenses & Permits	70,687		-		T.	70,687
Franchise Fees	111,750	•	•	,		111,750
Police Services	54,983		100	9	•	54,983
Income Tax	558,604	7	•		73	558,604
Replacement Tax	27,774					27,774
Sales and Use Tax	538,903			*		538,903
Games Tax	43,782					43,782
Fines, Pees & Miscellaneous	86,435		•	,		86,435
Donations	3,954	E		0.00		3,954
Rentals	151,199	•	•			151,199
Reimburgements	82,617		•	11,411	38,057	132,085
Interest	8,510		59	128	3,690	12,393
Bond Subsidies				,	31,641	31,641
Motor Puel Tax		1		158,888		158,888
Wotal Revenues Received	2,488,471		445,120	170,427	432,506	3,536,524
Expenditures Disbursed						
General Government						
Administration	180,057		•		544.109	424.166
Planning & Zoning	68,105		•	•	•	68,103
Public Safety	988,897	¥.5			2,758	991,655
Streets & Alleys	340,149		250	2,136		342,835
Culture & Recreation						0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Parks	233,383		10		•	233,383
Convention Center	149,558	T	•	•		149,558
Debt Service						
Principal	C				532,279	NAM . NAM
Interest and Yees	•	*			157,513	157,513
Capital Outlay	203,288	487,693	293,755	85,605	1	1,070,341
Total Expenditures Disbursed	2,163,437	487,693	294,305	87,741	936,659	3,969,835
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Received						
-	325,034	(487,693)	150,015	92,686	(504,153)	(433,311)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment	9,550	3.0	1	ř	ï	9,550
Operating Transfers In	60,000	×		TV.	454,707	514,707
Operating Transfers Out	(341,707)		(113,000)			(454,707)
Net Change in Pund Balances	52,877	(487,693)	37,815	82,686	(49,446)	(363,761)
Fund Balances, January 1	1, 262, 316	488.848	44.320	189.409	467.673	2.452.566
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,315,193 \$	1,155 \$	82,135 \$	272,095 \$	418,227 \$	2,088,805

Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9,	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	63,761)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
Capital asset purchases capitalized 432, Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
Depreciation expense (900, Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	32,501
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment (9, Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets 9, The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	00,422)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	(9,550)
financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	9,550
financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
(프리스) 2014의 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	
	32,279
	6,874
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (292,	92,529)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

		_		Bus	iness-type Activi	t	ies	
		-	Water	6 8	Sanitary Sewer		-	Total
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	\$	817,312	\$	73,612		\$	890,924
Certificates of Deposit			203,825					203,825
Municipal Bonds			62,254		•			62,254
IMET Liquidated Trust Receivable			10,042		74			10,116
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance								
for Uncollectible Accounts)		-	135,880	3	40,181	-	8	176,061
Total Current Assets		40	1,229,313	1 8	113,867	_	5	1,343,180
Non-Current Assets								
Land and Easements			152,816		64,622			217,438
Property, Plant and Equipment			7,038,043		3,625,859			10,663,902
Less: Accumulated Depreciation			(2,006,990)		(2,316,366)			(4,323,356)
Net Land, Property Plant and Equipment			5,183,869	1	1,374,115			6,557,984
Intangible Asset								
Sewer System Annexation Cost (Net of								
Accumulated Amortization of \$972,773)				8	197,480	-0	0	197,480
Total Non-current Assets			5,183,869	3 8	1,571,595	28		6,755,464
Total Assets		_	6,413,182		1,685,462	-	37	8,098,644
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Water Plant Loan, current			102,912		-			102,912
Non-Current Liabilities								1011-0121-0111-0111
Water Plant Loan, non-current			2,311,484	8 8		-		2,311,484
Total Liabilities			2,414,396	1 10		_		2,414,396
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets			2,769,473		1,571,595			4,341,068
Restricted			23					
Unrestricted			1,229,313	9	113,867	_	-	1,343,180
Total Net Position		\$	3,998,786	\$	1,685,462		\$	5,684,248

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Bu	sines	s-type Activ	ritie	98
	1.7			Sanitary		
	12	Water		Sewer	_	Total
Operating Revenues	100					
Charges for Services	\$	1,589,892	\$	490,155	\$	2,080,047
Other Fees & Miscellaneous	-	10,943	-	1,850	-	12,793
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,600,835		492,005	-	2,092,840
Operating Expenses						
Personal Services						SECTION DESIGN
Salaries		256,086		107,932		364,018
Benefits	12	69,340	-	34,140	-	103,480
Total Personal Services	200	325,426	-	142,072		467,498
Operations and Contractual Services						
Repairs & Maintenance		43,676		26,878		70,554
Engineering		9,070				9,070
Janitorial Services		5,980		5,980		11,960
Postage		5,179		4,583		9,762
Telephone		1,981		2,717		4,698
Printing & Publications		2,825		1,933		4,758
Pees		19,924		8,251		28,175
Travel & Training		4,378		880		5,258
Dues & Subscriptions		515		-		515
Utilities		9,798		6,038		15,836
Water Purchases		710,591				710,591
Sewer Treatment Charges				206,008		206,008
Supplies & Equipment		6,126		5,629		11,755
Meters		4,969		4,969		9,938
Gasoline & Oil		7,841		7,841		15,682
Depreciation and Amortization	: -	96,645	=	106,851	-	203,496
Total Operations and		11				
Contractual Services	-	929,498	-	388,558	_	1,318,056
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,254,924		530,630	-	1,785,554
Operating Income(Loss)	_	345,911	33	(38,625)	_	307,286
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income		6,684		1,193		7,877
Interest Expense		(24,737)				(24,737)
Operating Transfers Out	72	(40,000)	2	(20,000)	_	(60,000)
Total Non-Operating						075000000000000000000000000000000000000
Revenues (Expenses)	2	(58,053)	- 53	(18,807)	-	(76,860)
Change in Net Position		287,858		(57,432)		230,426
Total Net Position, January 1		3,710,928	-	1,742,894	-	5,453,822
Total Net Position, December 31	\$_	3,998,786	\$_	1,685,462	\$_	5,684,248

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Bu	sine	s-type Activit	ies	
		Water		Sanitary Sewer		Total
Cash Plows from Operating Activities					8.5	
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,594,048	\$	489,335	ş	2,083,383
Payments to Suppliers		(902,193)		(315,847)		(1,218,040)
Payments to Employees	-	(256,086)	_	(107,932)	· —	(364,018)
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Operating Activities	-	435,769	_	65,556	-	501,325
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities						
Receipts (Payments) on Interfund Loans		3,175		-		3,175
Transfers from (to) the General Fund	-	(40,000)	_	(20,000)	-	(60,000)
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Non-Capital						
Financing Activities	-	(36,825)	_	(20,000)	-	(56,825)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Purchase of Capital Assets		(2,533,872)		(13,038)		(2,546,910)
Receipts (Payments) on Water Plant IEPA Loan		1,738,501				1,738,501
Interest Paid on Water Plant IEPA Loan		(24,737)	(S)		-	(24,737)
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities	1	(820,108)	_	(13,038)	<u>-</u>	(833,146)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Redemption of Municipal Bonds		60,611		848		60,611
Increase of Certificates of Deposits		(3,024)				(3,024)
Decrease in IMET Liquidated Trust Receivable		1,040		8		1,048
Interest Received	7) -	6,684	9_	1,193	_	7,877
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Investing						
Activities	-	65,311	_	1,201	-	66,512
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash in Bank		(355,853)		33,719		(322,134)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	-	1,173,165	_	39,893	-	1,213,058
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$ =	817,312	\$	73,612	=	890,924
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	\$	345,911	\$	(38,625)	\$	307,286
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income(Loss) to						
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Operating Activities						
Depreciation and Amortization		96,645		106,851		203,496
Changes in Assets and Liabilities						
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	320	(6,787)	_	(2,670)	8,5	(9,457)
Total Adjustments	-	89,858	_	104,181	-	194,039
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	435,769	\$_	65,556	_	501,325
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash in Bank Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income(Loss) to Net Cash Provided(Used) by Operating Activities Depreciation and Amortization Changes in Assets and Liabilities (Increase)Decrease in Accounts Receivable Total Adjustments	\$ \$	(355,853) 1,173,165 817,312 345,911 96,645 (6,787) 89,858	- \$ = \$	39,893 73,612 (38,625) 106,851 (2,670) 104,181	-	1,213,058 890,924 307,286 203,496 (9,457) 194,039

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

		Police Pension Fund
ASSETS		rension rund
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	44,317
Mutual Funds	,	129,087
Total Current Assets	,	173,404
Non-Current Assets		
Certificates of Deposit		917,841
Municipal Bonds		607,298
Total Non-Current Assets	,	1,525,139
Total Assets		1,698,543
LIABILITIES		-
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Pension Benefits		1,698,543
Total Net Position	\$	1,698,543

STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	i	Police Pension Fund
Additions	()	
Property Tax	\$	388,836
Member Contributions		51,987
Employer Contributions		77 - 2
Investment Earnings		
Interest		28,907
Dividends		3,876
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)	· ·	(39,102)
Total Additions	1	434,504
Deductions		
Benefit Payments		79,907
Administrative Expenditures	-	17,996
Total Deductions	·	97,903
Change in Net Position	-	336,601
Total Net Position, January 1	_	1,361,942
Total Net Position, December 31	\$ _	1,698,543

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows -

A) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting -

The government-wide, business-type activities, proprietary fund, fiduciary fund and internal service fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which measures both financial and capital resources. The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resource measurement focus, which is based on the concept of fiscal accountability. Therefore, due to the differences in measurement focuses, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues received and expenditures disbursed are recognized in the accounts and how they are reported on the financial statements. The Village maintains its accounting records for all funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are also prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized and recorded in the accounts when cash is received, except for the water & sewer fund in which revenue is recorded when services rendered are billed. In the same manner, expenditures are recognized and recorded upon the disbursement of cash. Assets of a fund are only recorded when a right to receive cash exists which arises from a previous cash transaction, except for the water & sewer funds in which receivables for services rendered are recorded when billed. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions.

Modified cash-basis financial statements omit recognition of receivables and payables and other accrued and deferred items that do not arise from previous cash transactions with the exception that the Village capitalizes assets and depreciates them over their useful lives, records revenue and receivables and related allowances for uncollectible accounts for the business-type activities when billings are prepared, and recognizes unrealized gains and losses on its investments. Accordingly, the statements do not present financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Investments are comprised of savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money markets, mutual funds and municipal bonds, some of which are federally insured. All investments are carried at cost, which approximates market, except for mutual funds and municipal bonds, which are carried at market value. The Village board has legal authority to invest in certificates of deposit and other investments.

B) Capital Assets -

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

B) Capital Assets (Continued) -

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The Village has not maintained records of its governmental activities' infrastructure assets placed in service prior to May 1, 2004.

Accordingly, the amount presented in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis for governmental activities' capital assets includes only infrastructure assets purchased after May 1, 2004. Management believes the depreciated amount of these assets is not material to the financial statements.

The capital assets of the Water and Sewer funds have been recorded at cost since April 1, 1960. The costs of assets acquired prior to this date have not been included. Management believes the depreciated amount of these assets is not material to the financial statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation has been provided as outlined below:

The cost for maintenance will be expensed.

The following depreciation methods are established:

Waterworks and Sewer System	34-40	years,	straight	line
Infrastructure	20-40	years,	straight	line
Equipment and Machinery	5-10	years,	straight	line
Furniture and Office Equipment	5-10	years,	straight	line

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as expenditures of the governmental funds upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

C) Reporting Entity -

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management (Trustees) has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the Village's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management (Trustees), the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service.

Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the Village and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships; regardless of whether the Village is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of the criteria, the Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund has been identified as a component unit of the Village. The Pension Fund is fiscally dependent on the Village to levy taxes to fund its pension liabilities. The Pension Fund is reported as a fiduciary fund of the Village.

D) Basis of Presentation -

Although the Village presents its annual financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, a special purpose framework other than GAAP, the aspects of financial statement content and format, as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments have been implemented in the financial statements, effective for the year ended April 30, 2005 and after. This change had a material effect on the comparability of previous year financial statements to statements dated April 30, 2005 and after.

The following represents the Village's basis of financial statement presentation based on the GASB 34 format.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis display information about the Village as a whole. They include all funds of the Village except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

D) Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernment revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to the external customers for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is either the General Fund or if it meets the following criteria:

Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total for all funds of that category or type, and

Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Village's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (arising from cash transactions) are accounted for through governmental funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for cash received from specific sources. The expenditures in excess of the amounts received and accumulated fund balance for these special revenue funds become an obligation of the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

D) Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

Fund	Brief Description
General Capital Projects Fund	Accounts for revenues collected, primarily bond proceeds, and expenditures paid for capital projects for the Village.
Special Tax Allocation Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the tax increment financing district (T.I.F).
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Accounts for revenues collected from the motor fuel tax and expenditures associated with maintenance of the Village's streets and alleys.
Audit Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's annual audit.
Social Security Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's payroll taxes.
Liability Insurance Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's liability insurance.
IMRF Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for retirement for the Village's employees.
School Crossing Guard Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the salary of the school crossing guards.
Unemployment Compensation Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for unemployment insurance.
Lease Purchase Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the lease payments associated with asset acquisitions.
Bond Repayment Funds	Account for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for bond interest and principal payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

D) Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fund Brief Description

Water & Sanitary Sewer Funds Account for the activities of providing water and sanitation sewer services to the public.

Fiduciary Funds - (Not included in government wide statements)

Pension Trust Funds

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use for payment of pension benefits and cannot be used at the Village's discretion or to support general operations.

Fund Brief Description

Police Pension Fund Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for pension benefits of qualified police officers.

Major and Non-major Funds

The funds are classified as major or non-major as follows:

Major Funds

General Fund
General Capital Projects Fund
Special Tax Allocation Fund
Motor Fuel Tax Fund
Water Fund
Sanitary Sewer Fund

Non-major Funds

Audit Fund
Social Security Fund
Liability Insurance Fund
IMRF Fund
School Crossing Guard Fund
Unemployment Compensation Fund
Lease Purchase Fund
2009, 2010 and 2016 Bond Repayment
Funds

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

E) Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F) Priority for Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Assets -

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

G) Budgets and Appropriations -

The budget and appropriation ordinance for all fund types is prepared on the cash basis of accounting which is similar to the modified cash basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budgeted and actual amounts. The Village's budget and appropriation ordinance was passed on December 4, 2017 and amended January 21, 2019.

For each fund, total fund expenditures disbursed may not legally exceed budgeted amounts. The appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Expenditures did not exceed budgeted amounts in any fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

H) Non-current Liabilities -

The Village considers any liability not expected to be paid within one year to be a non-current liability. The liabilities shown on the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis are broken down between current and non-current liabilities.

I) Program Revenues -

In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Governmental Activities' program revenues include fines, police services, permits, donations, rental fees and event admissions. The Water and Sewer Funds' program revenues are the collection of water and sewer charges from customers who receive water and sewer services from the Village.

J) Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenditures -

Proprietary fund statements classify revenues and expenditures as either operating or as nonoperating. The Village considers operating revenues and expenditures for proprietary funds to be those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

J) Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenditures - (Continued)

Revenues and expenditures related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities are considered to be nonoperating. All revenues of the proprietary funds are to be used to cover operations.

K) Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities -

If any interfund activity occurs or balances exist in the fund financial statements, they are eliminated or reclassified in the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

L) Cash and Cash Equivalents -

Cash and Cash Equivalents include all monies in banks and highly liquid investments. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturities of those financial investments.

M) Legal Debt Margin -

The following outlines the legal debt margin of the Village of Mt. Zion as of December 31, 2018:

Statutory Debt Limitation 8.625% of Assessed Valuation Outstanding Bonds Series 2010A 125,000 Series 2010B 1,715,000	9,828,295
8.625% of Assessed Valuation Outstanding Bonds Series 2010A 125,000	9,828,295
Series 2010A 125,000	
Series 2010B 1,715,000	
Series 2016 145,900	
Series 2016A 223,000	
Series 2016B 1,655,000	
Outstanding Notes Payable 2,443,312	

Less:

Legal

Alternate Revenue Bonds	(1,878,000)	4,429,212
Debt Margin		\$ 5,399,083

N) Fund Balance Reporting -

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; nonspendable, restricted,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

N) Fund Balance Reporting - (Continued)

committed, assigned, and unassigned. Below are definitions of each classification.

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the modified cash basis nature of the Village, all such items are expended at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

b. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are (1) subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity, such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation of the government itself. All special revenue funds have been restricted for their respective specified purposes.

Additionally, \$29,966 of the General Fund's fund balance is restricted for Police, KICK, Drug, and DUI programs.

c. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Village Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The Village Board commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolutions to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Village does not have any balances committed as of December 31, 2018.

d. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Village Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village has assigned \$90,831 of the Village's fund balances as follows as of December 31, 2018:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

- N) Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)
 - d. Assigned Fund Balance (Continued)

Purpos	e			Amount
	_			
Audit				\$ 1,000
Series	2009	Bond	Payments	73,717
Series	2010	Bond	Payments	16,114
				\$ 90,831

e. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for General Fund amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

f. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified. As of December 31, 2018, no formal fund balance policy had been adopted by the Village.

 Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position -

The Village follows GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position which was effective for audits of periods beginning after November 15, 2011. A deferred outflow of resources represents the consumption of a government's net assets that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow of resources represents the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources are reported in a separate section of the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis following assets. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in a separate section of the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis following liabilities. As of December 31, 2018, due to the Village reporting on the modified cash basis of accounting, the Village had not engaged in any transactions which qualified for reporting as a deferred outflow of resource or deferred inflow of resource.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

P) Accounts Receivable -

Customer receivables related to water and sewer billings are recorded as receivables and revenues at their original invoice amount, after services have been rendered and corresponding bills have been prepared.

Management periodically reviews the customer receivable accounts and accounts are written off as they become uncollectible or deemed uncollectible. Therefore, accounts receivable is recorded net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Note 2 Property Tax Calendar -

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. The 2017 levy (collected in the period ending December 31, 2018) was adopted by the Village on December 4, 2017. The collection dates, by the county, for the 2017 levy were June 2018 and September 2018. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates.

Note 3 Accrued Vacation/Leave -

Due to the Village reporting on the modified cash basis of accounting no accrual has been made for employees vacation/leave earned but not taken.

Each employee is allowed to carry over a maximum of 40 hours of vacation time to a new fiscal year. Any unused vacation time in excess of 40 hours from the previous fiscal year is lost. As of December 31, 2018, the accumulated vacation time amounted to \$36,540.

Sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but do not vest with employees and, therefore, are not paid out at termination. Unvested accumulated sick leave of Village employees at December 31, 2018 amounted to \$248,007.

Note 4 Defined Benefit Pension Plan - IMRF

IMRF Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund (agent multiple-employer plan). A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 4 Defined Benefit Pension Plan - IMRF - (Continued)

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- . 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Regular	SLEP
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving	28	0
benefits	19	0
Active Plan Members	16	0
	5.0	5.5
Total	63	0
	==	